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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/768,747	01/23/2004	Martin Peckerar	83,028	7954
7590	06/06/2006		EXAMINER	
Naval Research Laboratory 4555 Overlook Ave., S.W. Code 1008.2 Washington, DC 20375-5320				GUERRERO, MARIA F
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2822	

DATE MAILED: 06/06/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Offic Action Summary	Applicati n N .	Applicant(s)
	10/768,747 Examin r Maria Guerrero	PECKERAR ET AL. Art Unit 2822

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears in the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period f r Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 March 2006.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 15-20 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____. |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____. | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____. |

DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is in response to the Amendment filed December 20, 2005 and the Election filed March 24, 2006.

Status of Claims

2. Claims 1-20 are pending.

Election/Restrictions

3. Applicant's election of Group I (claims 1-14) in the reply filed on March 24, 2006 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

4. Claims 15-20 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on March 24, 2006.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of

the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Davis et al. (US 6,051,849) in view of Edmond et al. (US 5,093,576).

6. Davis et al. teaches a method of making a device comprising the steps of: (a) depositing a dielectric thin film mask material (silicon oxide) on a semiconductor substrate (sapphire, silicon carbide) surface; (b) patterning the mask material to form openings therein extending to the substrate surface; (c) growing active material (gallium nitride) in the openings by confined epitaxy; (d) removing the mask material to form the device with reduced extended defect density; and (e) depositing electrical contacts on the device (Abstract, Fig. 1-5, col. 2, lines 24-65, col. 3, lines 25-67, col. 4, lines 1-65, col. 6, lines 40-57).

7. Davis et al. discloses the steps of: cleaning the exposed substrate surface to make it ready for epitaxial deposition of the active material, doping the active material, depositing a resist material on the mask material, developing the resist material, and creating the openings. Davis et al. shows the substrate surface including a thin film of a starting material and the mask material having 1000 Angstroms (col. 3, lines 25-65, col. 4, lines 1-67).

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8. Davis et al. teaches forming a device having reduced extended defect density comprising a substrate (sapphire), forming a semiconductor active material (gallium nitride) deposited on said substrate and having atomically smooth surfaces, forming electrical contacts on said device and providing at least one electronic device in the grown active material (Abstract, Fig. 1-5, col. 2, lines 24-55, col. 3, lines 25-67, col. 4, lines 1-65, col. 6, lines 40-57).

Davis et al. does not specifically show the rate, bandgap, frequency, power and current as claimed. However, one of ordinary skill in the art would have found it *prima facie* obvious at the time of the invention to include these variables merely by following the teachings of the reference. In this regard, it is well settled that it is not inventive to determine (by mere routine experimentation) the optimum values of a result-effective variable. *In re Peterson*, 315 F.3d 1325, 1330, 65 USPQ2d 1379, 1382 (Fed. Cir, 2003) (“The normal desire of scientist or artisans to determine where in a disclosed set of percentage ranges is the optimum combination of percentages.”); *In re Boesch*, 617 F.2d 272, 276, 205 USPQ 215, 219 (CCPA 1980) (“Discovery of an optimum value of a result effective variable in a known process is ordinarily within the skill of the art.”); *In re Aller* 220 F. 2d 454, 456, 105 USPQ 233, 235, (CCPA 1955) (“Where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable ranges by routine experimentation.”)

In addition, Edmond et al. is cited as evidence to show that the device having reverse bias leakage current of less than 1x 10⁻⁹ amps is conventionally desired in the

art (Abstract, Fig. 6, col. 2, lines 40-65, col. 4, lines 50-68, col. 5, lines 1-50, col. 12, lines 15-25, col. 14, lines 45-68).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include the rate, thickness, bandgap, frequency, power and current in Davis et al. reference by routine experimentation because there is not evidence of unexpected results and to specify the device having the leakage current of less than 1×10^{-9} amps as taught by Edmond et al. in order to provide a device having reasonably sensitivity (Edmond et al., col. 3, lines 25-40, col. 5, lines 1-8).

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-14 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Davis et al. "Gallium Nitride Materials-Progress, Status, and Potential Roadblocks"; Zheleva et al. "Dislocation density reduction via lateral epitaxy in selectively grown GaN structures"; Goto et al. (US 5,741,360); Fuller (US 4,971,928); Nakamura et al. (US 5,543,629) and Nakamura et al. (US 5,847,418) show several embodiments related to applicant's disclosure.

11. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP

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§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Maria Guerrero whose telephone number is 571-272-1837.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Zandra Smith can be reached on 571-272-2429. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

May 30, 2006

Maria Guerrero
MARIA F. GUERRERO
PRIMARY EXAMINER